

## Where's The Answer?

**Prior to 1868**, "...there is no such thing as a citizen of the United States." **Exparte Knowles**, 5 Cal. 300,302 (1855). Prior to 1868, such was a term of convenience used by citizens of any state of the Union. The US Government had no citizens of its own, nor did it naturalize foreigners as citizens. Only those "**party to the compact**", the **US Constitution**, the states of the Confederacy, **held a citizenship and naturalized foreigners**. The US Government was a **creation of the compact** and a servant/agent of the states party to the compact, having enumerated and delegated powers **excluding a citizenship**.

### Things were to change

In 1868, the **14<sup>th</sup> Amendment** "**created and defined**" citizenship of the United States, *US v Anthony*, 24 Fed., case no. 14,459 (1873). This citizen was a national of the US Congress, **a federal citizen**. With this citizen's government **not being a party member of the compact**, it was without suffrage. **Only the citizens of the states**, states being parties to the compact, **held suffrage**.

There was to come **another change**. The **15<sup>th</sup> Amendment**, of 1870, **granted suffrage to this new class of citizenship**. Now, the citizens of the states who had held suffrage since America had gained her independence **AND the national citizenship** established in 1868 **held suffrage**.

### Elections and Laws

**From 1870 and thereafter**, elections, whether federal, state, or local, would have the influence of seating elected officials **with a new vote of this new national citizen** that had been created and defined in 1868. **Those seated officials would go on to pass all the laws** of the different levels of government. Those laws would be Amendments, Acts, Resolutions, Statutes, Codes and Executive Orders. **Examples at the federal level would be** the Federal Reserve Act, **16<sup>th</sup> Amendment** and the Gun Registration Act of 1968, being a mere few. Now socialized healthcare is coming into the picture.

### All Established Upon Fraud

**Article V** of the US Constitution mandates the law for amending the body of the Constitution. Being a compact (contract), all parties (states) must participate in this process. **Congress has only the power for introducing a proposed amendment** to the parties of the compact and its authority by law **ends at that point**. Was the **14<sup>th</sup> Amendment**, **which established national citizenship for Congress**, the result of the law under **Article V** or was the establishment of this amendment of a **method outside the Article**? If even the **slightest deviation from the law of Article V**, the amendment is null and void, not existing as part of the "Law of the Land", the US Constitution. **What would this mean for all elections and laws following 1870?** It is the discovery of truth to this amendments adoption and ratification method that holds **the long sought for answer that constitutionalists seek**. The Federal Reserve, **16<sup>th</sup> Amendment**, all UN connections and treaties, the coming socialized healthcare, and so on, **rely upon the 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment to exist as law. This is fact!!!**

The **method of ratification** of this amendment is its "**Achilles Heel**" for the complete restoration of the American Republic. All else are but **the symptoms thereof**, not being the answer. "I cannot believe that any court, in full possession of its faculties, could honestly hold that the amendment (14<sup>th</sup>) was properly approved and adopted." *State v Phillips*, 540 P. 2d 936,941, Supreme Court of Utah, Sept. 15, 1975. **It was not the result of Article V!** it never ratified and here is where our only hope is to be found. **Wake up to this.**

Study the following:

[www.civil-liberties.com/cases/14con.html](http://www.civil-liberties.com/cases/14con.html)

[www.14th-amendment.com](http://www.14th-amendment.com), scroll down to 14th Main Menu, look for Miscellaneous Documents, find South Carolina Law Review.

Call or e-mail for: *American Socialization* and *Swear or Affirm*

Present Questions to: Article V Group (843) 875-3597 or [rorie8th@bellsouth.net](mailto:rorie8th@bellsouth.net)